

Solar eclipses at Sunrise/Sunset, special effects

Jörg Schoppmeyer



SEC 2014 Sacramento Peak, NM, USA

Goa Silhouettes, APOD 2007 March 22

Topics

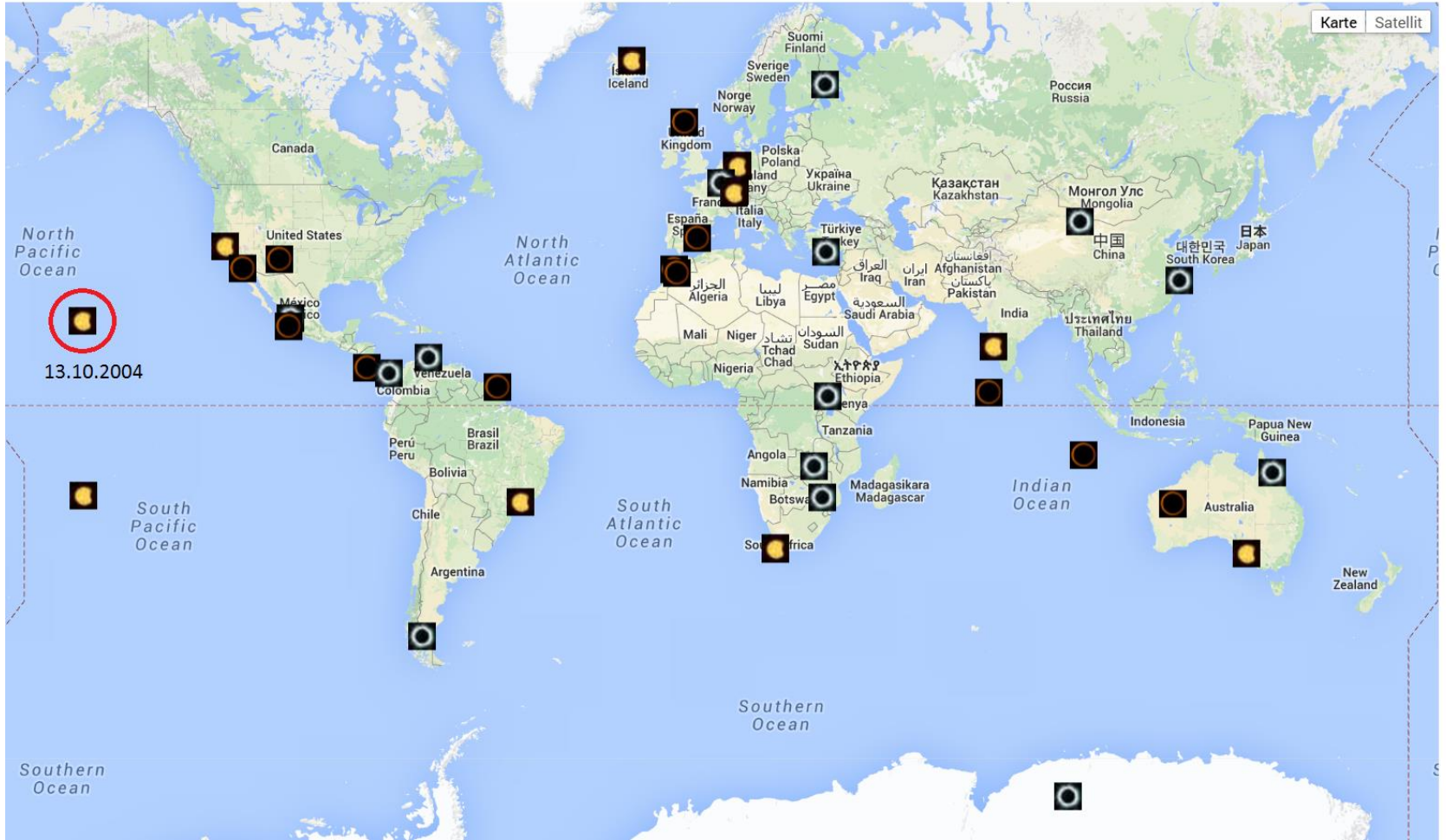
- Brief eclipse overview concerning my person
- A firework of colours (PSE 13.10.2004)
- „A total annular eclipse“ (ASE 10.05.2013)
- Dark moments after totality (TSE 11.07.2010)
- TSE 21.08.2017 „The real ultimate eclipse chasing“



My experiences

- It started on the 29.04.1976 (PSE in Germany, school break)
- First „Eclipse-Expedition“ on 20.07.1982
- First real Eclipse-Expedition on 30.05.1984 (8.000 km drive to Morocco and back)
- 13 totals (90,91,98,99,01,02,03,06,08,09,10,12,13)
- 13 annulars (84,92,94,01,02,03,05,05,06,09,10,12,13)
- 15 partial (76,82,82,(83),93,96,04,04,07,07,(08),11,11,11,14)
- 4 transits (03,04,06,12)
- 10 partial and 28 total lunar eclipses





Partial Solar Eclipse of 2004 Oct 14

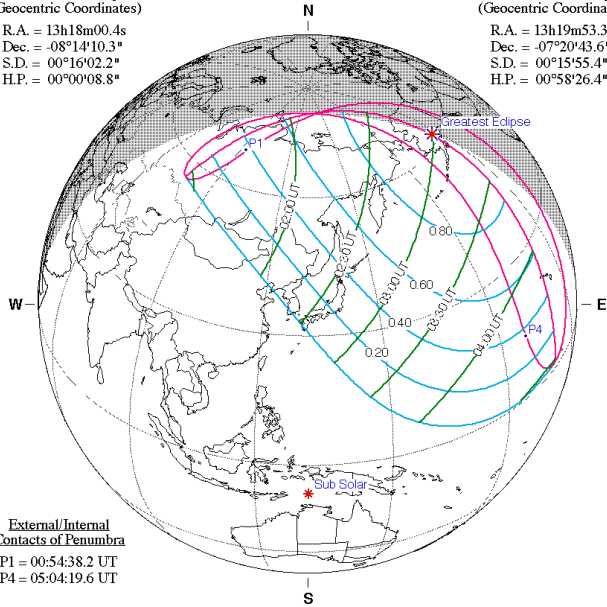
Geocentric Conjunction = 02:00:29.0 UT J.D. = 2453292.583669
 Greatest Eclipse = 02:59:19.8 UT J.D. = 2453292.624534
 Eclipse Magnitude = 0.9273 Gamma = 1.0346
 Saros Series = 124 Member = 54 of 73

Sun at Greatest Eclipse (Geocentric Coordinates)

R.A. = 13h18m00.4s
 Dec. = -08°14'10.3"
 S.D. = 00°16'02.2"
 H.P. = 00°00'08.8"

Moon at Greatest Eclipse (Geocentric Coordinates)

R.A. = 13h19m53.3s
 Dec. = -07°20'43.6"
 S.D. = 00°15'55.4"
 H.P. = 00°58'26.4"



External/Internal Contacts of Penumbra

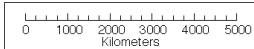
P1 = 00:54:38.2 UT
 P4 = 05:04:19.6 UT

Ephemeris & Constants

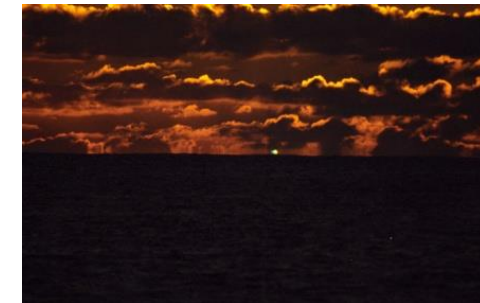
Eph. = Newcomb/ILE
 $\Delta T = 64.6$ s
 $k1 = 0.2724880$
 $k2 = 0.2722810$
 $\Delta b = 0.0^\circ$ $\Delta l = 0.0^\circ$

Geocentric Libration (Optical + Physical)

$l = -4.48^\circ$
 $b = -1.34^\circ$
 $c = 20.46^\circ$
 Brown Lun. No. = 1012



F. Espenak, NASA's GSFC - Fri, Jul 2,
sunearth.gsfc.nasa.gov/eclipse/eclipse.html





Map centered on: -53.80734, 99.09014 — 53° 48' 26.41" S, 99° 05' 24.50" E

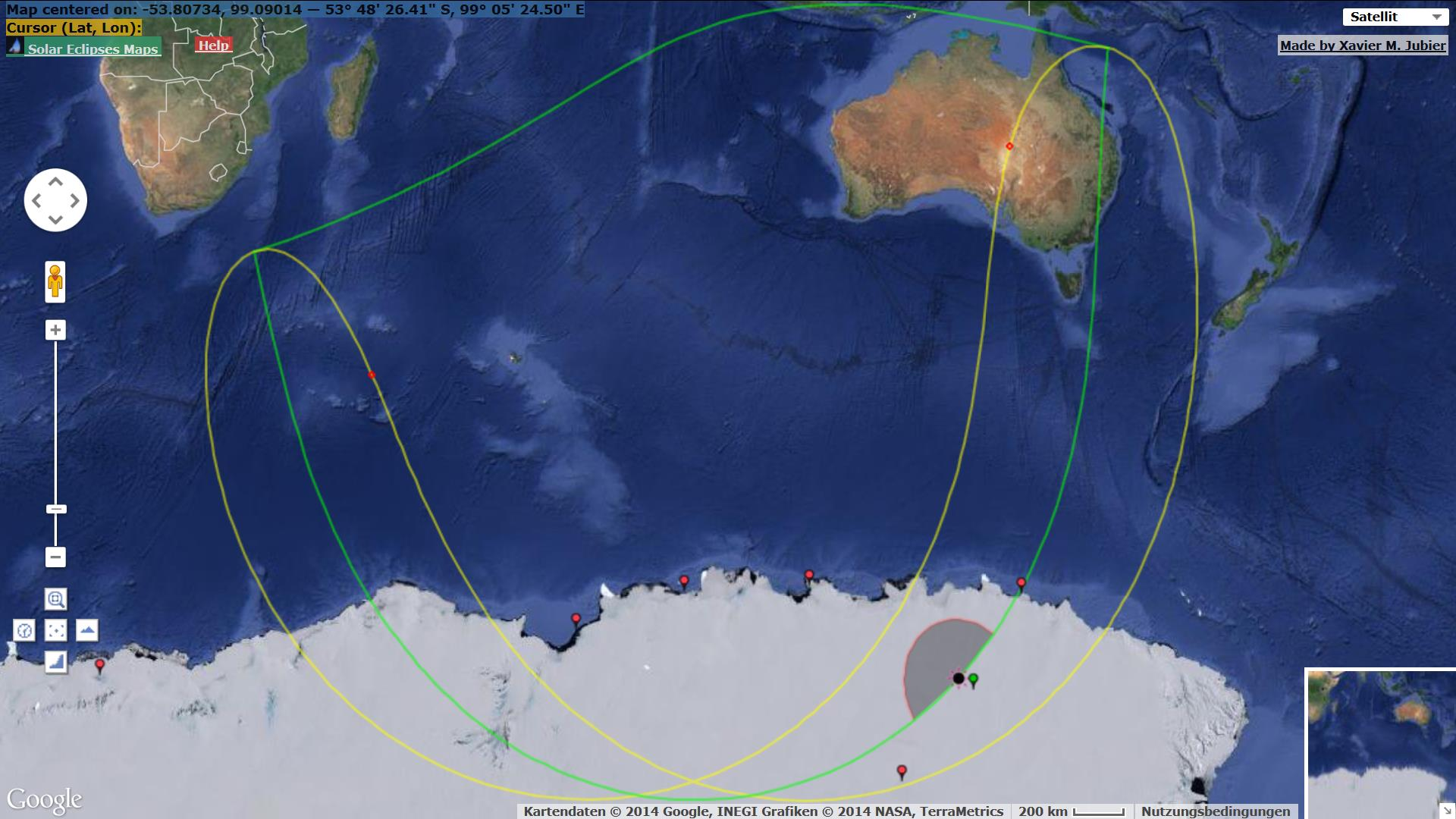
Cursor (Lat, Lon):

Solar Eclipses Maps

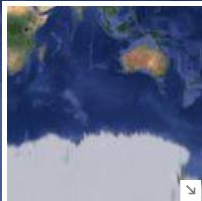
Help

Satellit

Made by Xavier M. Jubier



Google



















10.05.2013 „A total annular eclipse“



10.05.2013 „A total annular eclipse“









Total Solar Eclipse of 2010 Jul 11

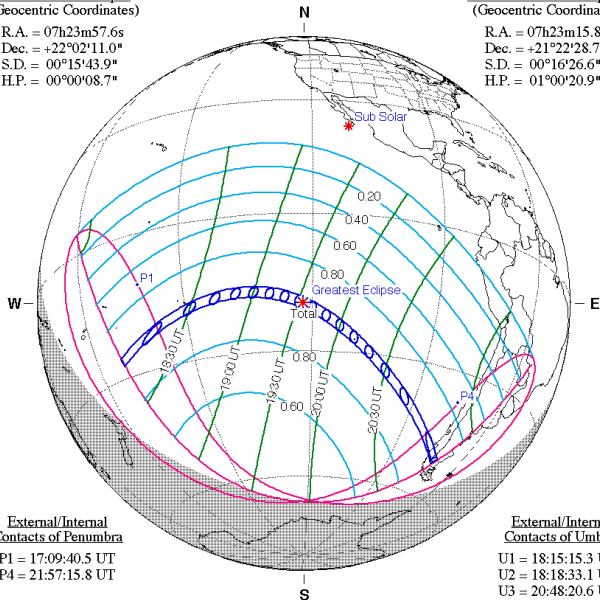
Geocentric Conjunction = 19:50:57.5 UT J.D. = 2455389.327055
 Greatest Eclipse = 19:33:33.6 UT J.D. = 2455389.314973
 Eclipse Magnitude = 1.0580 Gamma = -0.6789
 Saros Series = 146 Member = 27 of 76

Sun at Greatest Eclipse (Geocentric Coordinates)

R.A. = 07h23m57.6s
 Dec. = +22°02'11.0"
 S.D. = 00°15'43.9"
 H.P. = 00°00'08.7"

Moon at Greatest Eclipse (Geocentric Coordinates)

R.A. = 07h23m15.8s
 Dec. = +21°22'28.7"
 S.D. = 00°16'26.6"
 H.P. = 01°00'20.9"



External/Internal Contacts of Penumbra

P1 = 17:09:40.5 UT
 P4 = 21:57:15.8 UT

Ephemeris & Constants

Eph. = Newcomb/ILE
 ΔT = 67.1 s
 k1 = 0.2724880
 k2 = 0.2722810
 Δb = 0.0" Δl = 0.0"

Local Circumstances at Greatest Eclipse

Lat. = 19°45.7'S Sun Alt. = 47.1°
 Long. = 121°52.9'W Sun Azm. = 13.5°
 Path Width = 258.7 km Duration = 05m20.2s

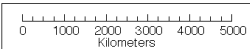
External/Internal Contacts of Umbra

U1 = 18:15:15.3 UT
 U2 = 18:18:33.1 UT
 U3 = 20:48:20.6 UT
 U4 = 20:51:42.2 UT

Geocentric Libration (Optical + Physical)

l = -3.24°
 b = 0.86°
 c = 6.62°

Brown Lun. No. = 1083



F. Espenak, NASA's GSFC - Fri, Jul 2,
sunearth.gsfc.nasa.gov/eclipse/eclipse.html

Total Solar Eclipse - 2010 Jul 11





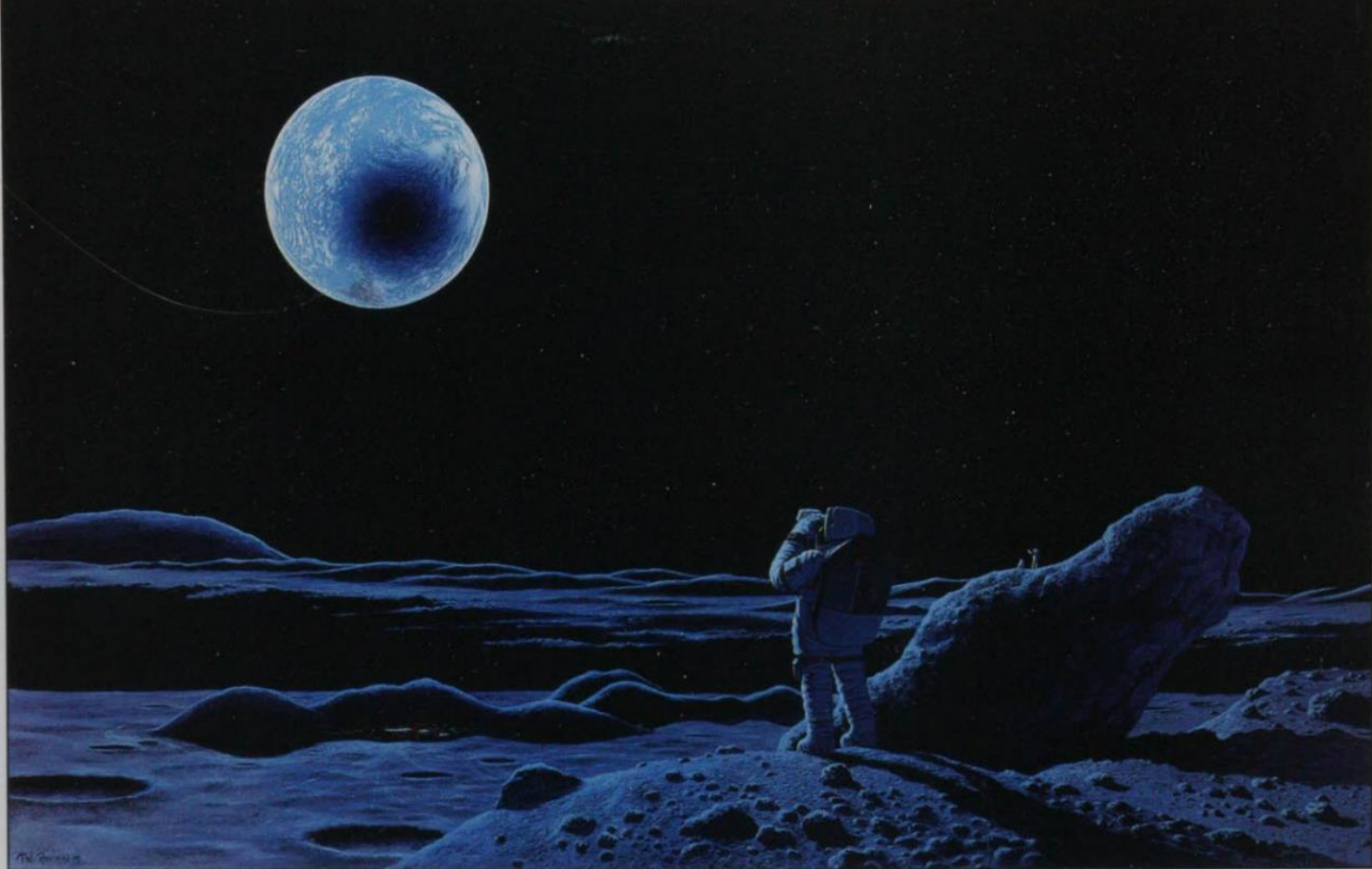












The Earth always remains just above the eastern lunar horizon as seen from Riccioli crater. For the residents of the base, Earth-watching will probably be a favored pastime, especially during exciting events. City lights, weather patterns, and even bright bolides entering the Earth's atmosphere can be viewed from the Moon. Here astronauts, as perhaps the ultimate eclipse chasers, watch the shadow of the Moon cross the United States on August 21, 2017. Painting copyright 1991 Pat Rawlings.

Many thanks for your attention !

